

IDC MarketScape

IDC MarketScape: Worldwide Cybersecurity Governance, Risk, and Compliance Consulting Services 2025–2026 Vendor Assessment

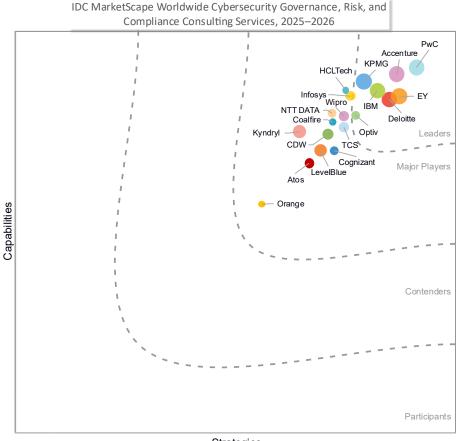
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THIS EXCERPT FEATURES ACCENTURE AS A LEADER

IDC MARKETSCAPE FIGURE

FIGURE 1

IDC MarketScape: Worldwide Cybersecurity Governance, Risk, and Compliance Consulting Services Vendor Assessment



Strategies

Source: IDC, 2025

Please see the Appendix for detailed methodology, market definition, and scoring criteria.

ABOUT THIS EXCERPT

The content for this excerpt was taken directly from IDC MarketScape: Worldwide Cybersecurity Governance, Risk, and Compliance Consulting Services 2025–2026 Vendor Assessment (Doc # US53936925).

IDC OPINION

Cybersecurity risk and compliance leaders must often resolve a myriad of known issues, such as bad audits, breaches, increased quantity and sophistication of cyberattacks, and well-meaning but often erroneous guidance from the board or senior management. Equally bad is the problem of not knowing what you do not know. A qualified cybersecurity governance, risk, and compliance (GRC) service provider can be instrumental in helping an organization identify the source of problems or challenges, define it in meaningful terms that align with the business and overall corporate needs, and establish a plan of action in the form of a road map to address it.

A cybersecurity GRC program enables a strategic approach to understanding the risk profile of an organization and managing risk and compliance effectively. It helps organizations:

- Conduct ongoing risk modeling exercises with management, both business and operational, to identify relevant threats to the organization and associated risks (known as the risk profile)
- Establish cybersecurity policies that effectively address the risk profile of the organization
- Prioritize and manage threats associated with the risk profile through policies
- Establish a blueprint and road map to identify and implement staffing, processes, and technical solutions that contribute to overall risk and compliance management
- Conduct risk assessment to ferret out hidden or unknown risks and conduct compliance assessments that ensure compliance with cybersecurity policies, regulations, industry standards, and cybersecurity frameworks

Cybersecurity GRC programs are primarily created to ensure that businesses can address critical threats in a timely manner. These programs also enable organizations to identify, categorize, prioritize, and mitigate risks and compliance issues specific to their business as well as to eliminate or reduce the risk of cyberattack threats based on their potential impact. These steps, if performed consistently and effectively, significantly increase the resilience of the business.

A cybersecurity GRC program can:

- Aid in developing effective cybersecurity policies and procedures
- Create executive, managerial, and operational reports that directly reflect the state of risk and compliance for the organization
- Assist decision-makers in identifying and tracking threats and exposures associated with people, process, and technology on a day-to-day operational level
- Assist the business with establishing the likelihood and potential impact of any cyberattack
- Assist the business with evaluating and prioritizing financial impacts and ensure money, time, and resources are expended in the right places
- Assist in preventing or reducing the impact of risks identified in assessments
- By infusing AI within GRC tools, an organization can enhance both productivity and outcomes, thereby increasing the ROI of the overall GRC program.

Organizations that lack adequate cybersecurity and corporate policies and visibility into cybersecurity risks and compliance issues within their IT estates are potentially unprepared; any type of attack could cause damage, disruption, and unauthorized access, which all impact reputation, brand, confidence from the board of directors as well as customers, and data. Implementing a cybersecurity GRC program will empower an organization to establish adequate cybersecurity and corporate policies. It also helps the business discover, anticipate, balance, monitor/track, and mitigate risks and compliance issues. Cybersecurity GRC service providers can be a catalyst for many organizations to begin the journey of creating and/or elevating such a program.

Before engaging with a cybersecurity GRC service provider, organizations should first determine their needs. For instance, decision-makers should consider the following questions:

- Do I need help documenting the right set of cybersecurity policies?
- Are these cybersecurity policies based upon a published cybersecurity framework?
- Do I need help to review my corporate policies to ensure these reflect all regulatory requirements my company is subject to?
- Is my organization compliant with all relevant cybersecurity regulations across various regions, countries, states, and/or provinces?
- Are there any other types of corporate requirements that must be applied to these policies?
- Do I want to build and run this program myself? Do I want a service provider to build the program and then I run it?

- Do I want a service provider to build and run the cybersecurity GRC program for me?
- Do I need as much automation as possible is machine learning (ML), artificial intelligence (AI), and workflow management critical to my success?

Whether you are a cybersecurity GRC service provider that engages with organizations to create and implement a program or are hired to manage and execute it, utilizing a sound framework will be necessary to achieve a clear picture of cybersecurity risks and what is needed to remediate them. The benefits of establishing a cybersecurity GRC program include:

- Enabling an organization to constantly review, update, and approve policies
- Enabling effective strategic planning
- Increasing knowledge and understanding of exposure to risk and emphasizing that unacceptable risks are identified and addressed properly
- Enabling the CISO to paint a picture in business terms that will empower both the board of directors and the C-suite to make risk decisions regarding acceptance, avoidance, or mitigation
- Helping ensure that money and effort are not wasted on risks that are not significant
- Providing senior management with visibility into the organizational risk profile and risk treatment priorities to support their ability to make strategic decisions
- Reducing risks of litigation because of inadequate controls, processes, and contingency plans
- Establishing a systematic, well-informed, and thorough method of decisionmaking
- Reducing disruptions and avoiding rework by ensuring all staff have a better understanding of the process
- Setting the scene for continual risk reduction and security posture improvement within the organization
- Increasing business resilience against disruption and/or cyberattack that can impact revenue generation

IDC MARKETSCAPE VENDOR INCLUSION CRITERIA

Using the IDC MarketScape model, IDC studied vendors that provide cybersecurity GRC services worldwide. The vendors included in the study had to meet certain criteria to qualify for this vendor assessment:

- **Geographic presence.** Each vendor is required to operate GRC services in more than one region.
- Sales presence. Each vendor has a sales force across one or more regions.

- Customer base. Each vendor has more than 100 customers.
- GRC service capability. Each vendor offers a GRC service that has trained professional cybersecurity staff with expertise in cybersecurity risk management.

ADVICE FOR TECHNOLOGY BUYERS

Technology buyers should consider several factors when looking at cybersecurity GRC services, but they must first answer some key questions: Do I want to build and run this service myself? Do I want a service provider to build the service and then I run it? Or do I want a service provider to build and run the cybersecurity GRC service?

After choosing their preferred approach, they can consider the following for choosing a service provider:

- Understand the service provider's distinctive service capabilities. For instance, consider the number of years it has been performing such work as well as the customers you can speak with for testimonials.
- Determine whether the service provider is interested in understanding the problem to solve and working with you to refine it or it is just giving you a rundown of its services in the hope that you will just buy.
- Understand the differences in services between service providers in the field.
 Identify what they really bring to the table.
- Determine if the service provider has demonstrable knowledge and skill in the particular area of competence.
- Get clarity on the limits of the service provider's knowledge and skill in this area.
- Determine if the service provider's reach enables it to consistently address your needs on a global scale.
- Identify use cases that the service provider has addressed based on its successful projects. If the service provider is willing, have them describe instances where a project did not result in complete satisfaction.

VENDOR SUMMARY PROFILES

This section briefly explains IDC's key observations resulting in a vendor's position in the IDC MarketScape. While every vendor is evaluated against each of the criteria outlined in the Appendix, the description here provides a summary of each vendor's strengths and challenges.

Accenture

Accenture is positioned in the Leaders category in the 2025–2026 IDC MarketScape for worldwide cybersecurity governance, risk, and compliance consulting services.

Accenture is one of the world's largest professional services firms, operating in more than 120 countries with hundreds of thousands of employees and offering strategy, consulting, technology, and operations services. With its broad end-to-end portfolio, Accenture combines deep industry expertise, global delivery scale, and an integrated human-plus-technology model to serve clients across sectors. Its cybersecurity arm leverages these strengths, positioning cybersecurity not as an isolated function but as a driver of business transformation and resilience across the enterprise.

In the cybersecurity GRC services marketplace, Accenture differentiates through its holistic life cycle—oriented approach. Rather than offering discrete audit or compliance modules, Accenture embeds GRC into its broader cyber-resilience, transformation, and risk-management ecosystem. For example, its internal documentation emphasizes a global Client Data Protection (CDP) program that spans policy, risk-management, third-party, and infrastructure domains — backed by ISO 27001/27701 certification and applied across the project life cycle.

Another key differentiator lies in how Accenture fuses technology, process, and delivery with its partner ecosystem and automation-enabled services. Its strategic alliances — for instance, with ServiceNow for integrated risk management (IRM) and third-party risk management, ProcessUnity for third-party risk management (TPRM) managed services, Hyperproof for continuous control-testing automation, and 6clicks for federated GRC platform deployment — underpin a modular yet scalable offering for enterprises facing complex regulatory, third-party, and distributed business unit risk environments.

Finally, Accenture's business model and go-to-market strategy set it apart from narrowly focused GRC specialists, addressing both IT and operational technology (OT) risk management. It offers full-stack advisory, technology implementation, Alpowered managed services, and measurable business-outcome orientation — emphasizing cost optimization, risk reduction metrics, and operational resilience. This enables clients to move beyond "compliance for compliance's sake" toward a mature, risk-enabled cyber-governance posture. In summary, for organizations seeking a GRC services partner that brings global scale, deep integration, automation, and business alignment in cybersecurity, Accenture represents a differentiated and mature choice.

Strengths

Global scale and deep expertise: Accenture brings global scale with deep, industry-specific GRC as well as cyber-risk and compliance expertise, leveraging advanced capabilities in controls automation, regulatory change, and GRC platforms. Accenture's partnerships (e.g., with ServiceNow,

- ProcessUnity, and Hyperproof) strengthen its ability to deliver large-scale federated GRC transformations.
- **End-to-end capability:** Accenture's offering spans strategy, operating model design, platform implementation, and Al-powered managed services. That breadth reduces handoffs and preserves institutional knowledge. It also helps keep accountability clear from design through steady-state run.
- Deep industry and regulatory IP: Industry playbooks and control libraries shorten discovery and design, allowing programs to inherit proven patterns rather than start from zero. This speeds up time to value in highly regulated environments.
- Integration at enterprise scale: Accenture routinely connects GRC to ERP, ITSM, SecOps, data, and analytics. Its alliance network and delivery tooling compress integration cycles. The result is higher levels of automation for evidence, testing, and reporting.

Challenges

- Market and macroeconomic sensitivity: As a global advisory and services firm, Accenture is exposed to macroeconomic headwinds and budget contractions. For example, client boards delaying large transformation spending affects GRC engagements. This makes pipeline visibility and sustained growth in GRC services more difficult to forecast.
- Balancing standardization and customization: With a broad global footprint, Accenture must balance reusable assets/accelerators with client-specific customization. Too much customization dilutes scalable delivery; too much standardization may not meet complex regulatory or industry-specific needs. This tension challenges consistent outcomes across geographies and industries. Accenture mitigates this risk using AI tools that enable it to be highly agile toward regulatory updates and client-specific requirements.

Consider Accenture When

- Global, multiregulatory transformation: If you have many regions and regulators to harmonize, Accenture's scale and industry IP can help standardize policies, controls, and data while allowing local nuance. This combination reduces fragmentation and speeds adoption across business units.
- Strategy to run-operate in one program: If you need operating model design, platform selection/implementation, and managed services under a single governance structure, Accenture can align senior stakeholders, convert designs into workflows, and set up steady-state operations. This continuity limits handoff risk and protects benefits realization.
- Complex integrations and automation: If your GRC must connect to ERP, ITSM, SecOps, and data/AI platforms, Accenture's alliance network and

- delivery toolkits shorten integration cycles. The result is higher automation of evidence, issues, and reporting across functions.
- Leveraging the power of partnerships: Accenture identifies key partners that can accelerate, complement, and enhance outcomes to create value for customers and ensure the successful completion of customer initiatives.

APPENDIX

Reading an IDC MarketScape Graph

For the purposes of this analysis, IDC divided potential key measures for success into two primary categories: capabilities and strategies.

Positioning on the y-axis reflects the vendor's current capabilities and menu of services and how well aligned the vendor is to customer needs. The capabilities category focuses on the capabilities of the company and product today, here, and now. Under this category, IDC analysts will look at how well a vendor is building/delivering capabilities that enable it to execute its chosen strategy in the market.

Positioning on the x-axis, or strategies axis, indicates how well the vendor's future strategy aligns with what customers will require in three to five years. The strategies category focuses on high-level decisions and underlying assumptions about offerings, customer segments, and business and go-to-market plans for the next three to five years.

The size of the individual vendor markers in the IDC MarketScape represents the market share of each individual vendor within the specific market segment being assessed.

IDC MarketScape Methodology

IDC MarketScape criteria selection, weightings, and vendor scores represent well-researched IDC judgment about the market and specific vendors. IDC analysts tailor the range of standard characteristics by which vendors are measured through structured discussions, surveys, and interviews with market leaders, participants, and end users. Market weightings are based on user interviews, buyer surveys, and the input of IDC experts in each market. IDC analysts base individual vendor scores, and ultimately vendor positions on the IDC MarketScape, on detailed surveys and interviews with the vendors, publicly available information, and end-user experiences in an effort to provide an accurate and consistent assessment of each vendor's characteristics, behavior, and capability.

Market Definition

According to the OCEG, "governance, risk, and compliance (GRC) is the integrated collection of capabilities that enable an organization to reliably achieve (business) objectives (governance) while addressing uncertainty (risk management) and acting with integrity (compliance). It encompasses governance, assurance, and management of performance, risk, and compliance."

IDC's governance, risk, and compliance market relates to this definition. GRC includes both services and software that assist organizations with tasks and initiatives to:

- Enhance performance, create greater efficiencies, and reduce risk
- Establish and monitor enterprise and IT governance, programs that address several types of risk management and mitigation, and compliance with global laws and regulations, industry standards, and company policies
- Aggregate the tools required to help an enterprise identify, track, and analyze enterprise, business, and technology risks and monitor and manage corporate and IT governance and compliance

As organizations handle, collect, analyze, or share personal data, they increasingly become aware of challenges involving the privacy and security of that data. Services that help organizations secure the privacy of data, address the threat of cyberattacks, and deal with the growing number of privacy-focused regulations are imperative. Technology suppliers and service providers have a unique visibility as well as trust with enterprise clients to develop collaboration across departments and roles. This collaboration ensures risk and compliance efforts are focused on common enterprise goals, provide a common language as a baseline for communicating these goals, and minimize redundant work efforts.

The security governance, risk, and compliance market is a functional market within IDC's broader software taxonomy and includes the following segments:

- Governance. Corporate governance management applications support corporate board members, C-suite executive teams, and second-line-ofdefense professionals in defining and implementing corporate policies. This segment includes applications for policy management and compliance management.
- Risk management. Risk management applications assist in identifying, analyzing, monitoring, and managing all types of risks threatening an organization, including IT risk, compliance risk, security risk, and third-party risk.
- **Compliance.** Compliance management encompasses adhering to all necessary regulatory and legal requirements, as well as managing any changes to the regulatory environment and its impact on the enterprise. This

- segment includes regulatory compliance management and regulatory change management.
- Audit and regulatory management. Audit management solutions help organizations plan, manage, and analyze processes (both manual and automated). Numerous types of audits must be managed within an organization, including compliance audits, IT audits, security audits, and thirdparty audits.
- Business resiliency/continuity/recovery. Business resiliency/continuity/recovery solutions identify exposure to internal and external threats. This also enables organizations to quickly adapt to disruptions while maintaining continuous business operations and safeguarding people, assets, and overall brand equity. They effectively deal with disruptive and unexpected events that threaten to harm the organization or its stakeholders. These solutions establish capabilities to enable the recovery or continuation of vital technology infrastructure and systems following a natural or human-induced disaster.
- Third-party risk management. TPRM services are designed to help organizations identify, assess, mitigate, and monitor risks associated with third-party engagements and/or acquisitions. These services span advisory and consulting to fully outsourced managed services, offering scalable solutions tailored to the complexity and maturity of an organization's cybersecurity risk posture and cybersecurity compliance needs.

The worldwide GRC market is made up of professional security services (PSS), which include consulting and integration security services; software, software as a service (SaaS), and managed security services (MSS), consisting of legacy customer premises equipment (CPE), traditional hosted, cloud hosted, or as a service; and education and deployment. The sections that follow include a breakdown of these categories.

Professional Services

Professional services include consulting, design, implementation, and engineering services to support the creation and implementation of GRC programs and software solutions. In addition, advisory services consist of executive guidance: strategy, road maps, mentorship, board training, virtual executive services, and program management.

Managed Services

This category includes services that establish responsibilities, processes, practices, methodologies, and tools to create the cyber-risk vision and strategy. These services involve:

- Risk definition and appetite, plans, road map, and budget
- Policies and procedures required to comply with relevant cybersecurity and privacy laws, policies, rules, and regulations

- Metrics that show risk and compliance posture, residual risks, financial impacts, and ROI
- Due diligence activities and assessments to identify, assess (qualitative, quantitative, and maturity), categorize, catalog, test, and monitor aspects of the enterprise related to risk, compliance, privacy, third parties, and supply chain, as well as audit readiness
- Activities on selecting, implementing, integrating, migrating, managing, operating, and maintaining solutions that provide automation, orchestration, machine learning, and AI

Education and Deployment

This category includes skill and awareness training and education, program and solution deployment, and configuration services. GRC providers often incorporate these services into the overall solution. Skill training can cover various areas of GRC, such as governance management, risk management, and compliance management, and is typically designed for staff who perform these functions. Awareness training is designed to raise awareness among all employees of their responsibilities for GRC.

LEARN MORE

Related Research

- Worldwide Security Governance, Risk, and Compliance Services and Software Forecast, 2025–2029 (IDC #US53611425, June 2025)
- Worldwide Security Governance, Risk, and Compliance Services Forecast, 2025– 2029 (IDC #US53611525, June 2025)
- IDC's Worldwide Security Services Taxonomy, 2025 (IDC #US53294625, April 2025)
- Cybersecurity Metrics A Data-Driven Framework for the Future (IDC #US52699424, November 2024)
- Continuous Compliance Management Increases Resilience to Cyberattack (IDC #US52638324, October 2024)
- Choosing the Right Security Framework (IDC #US49291622, July 2022)

Synopsis

This IDC study explores the services underpinnings required to enable a successful and fully implemented cybersecurity GRC program that can be managed either by the end customer or by the service provider that built it. This study also raises questions that buyers and vendors in this space can use as a guide to make informed decisions and achieve desired outcomes. The discipline and design of cybersecurity GRC services can provide a framework for orienting organizations

from optimizing standard checkbox outcomes to optimizing a value-added program that effectively manages cybersecurity risks. This framework should also provide a prescriptive life-cycle approach that drives commitment and support from senior executives, board members, and various stakeholders in between.

"A well-defined cybersecurity GRC program is critical in today's ever-changing and growing threat landscape," said Phil Harris, research director, IDC's GRC Services and Software program. "Attackers are in the business for the long haul, extracting as much valuable data or intelligence while undetected to reap as many benefits as possible. A practical and pragmatic way to combat this is to adopt an ongoing methodical approach to assessing the depth and breadth of cybersecurity controls and the maturity to cull new or not-so-obvious vulnerabilities and exposures that attackers exploit. This is an ongoing race, and organizations with strong cybersecurity GRC programs will be better prepared to withstand evolving attacks."

ABOUT IDC

International Data Corporation (IDC) is the premier global provider of market intelligence, advisory services, and events for the information technology, telecommunications, and consumer technology markets. With more than 1,300 analysts worldwide, IDC offers global, regional, and local expertise on technology, IT benchmarking and sourcing, and industry opportunities and trends in over 110 countries. IDC's analysis and insight helps IT professionals, business executives, and the investment community to make fact-based technology decisions and to achieve their key business objectives. Founded in 1964, IDC is a wholly owned subsidiary of International Data Group (IDG, Inc.).

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